

Wednesday, October 1st, 2014





Housekeeping & Administrative Notes

- ★ There are two presentations for the evening:
 - POD Mass Vaccination Operations (first 30 minutes)
 - Immunization Orientation and Training (last 30 minutes)
- ★ Telephone lines will be muted during the presentations.
- ★ Type your questions in the chat box.
- ALL questions for both presentations will be answered at the end of the second presentation in the order they were received.
- ★ Complete evaluation in TRAIN.





About Your Instructors

- **★**Deborah Whitacre
 - District Emergency Coordinator, Crater Health District
- **★**Jean Morrison, BSN, RN
 - Nursing Supervisor, Crater Health District





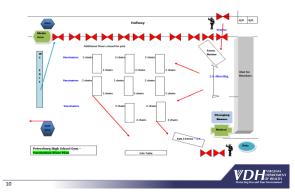
POINT OF DISPENSING (POD)	
OPERATIONS	
Deborah Whitacre, District Emergency Coordinator	
Crater Health District	
VDH BERMANNIN OF HEARING OF HEARING	
Session Overview	
Explain POD basics	
Discuss POD managementDescribe POD roles and responsibilities	
Preparing for work at a POD	
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What is a POD?	
Point of dispensing (POD) - a place where a vaccine, antibiotic or other medication is	
dispensed <i>quickly</i> to a large group of	
people.	

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Why would a POD be activated?	
Usually: To prevent disease in those exposed to an infection but who are not yet sick	
Possible: To treat an infectious disease	
➤ The treatment offered would be limited to dispensing a specific	
medication.	
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What Kinds of Emergencies Might Require a POD?	
➤ Natural disaster	
> Pandemic	
Bioterrorism attackMan Made disaster	
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How Will a POD Be Set Up?	
now will at ob be set op:	
The layout of a POD is designed for accurate and rapid dispensing of a specific medication/vaccine	
➤ Basic POD floor plan	
➤ Varies based on the situation and the circumstances	

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POD layout



Where will PODs be located?

PODs locations must be:

- ➤ Appropriate size and layout
- Can be secured
- ${\blacktriangleright}$ Lots of parking
- ➤ Easily accessible to the public



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How will a POD be staffed?

- ➤ It takes many people to run a POD
 - Number and mix of skills on depends on situation
- ➤ Source of staff
 - Public health and hospital staff members
 - Other first responders
 - Volunteers Like the MRC!
- Representing many professions, disciplines, agencies, and backgrounds.

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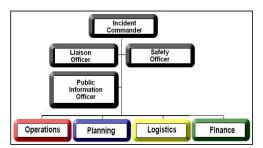
How will POD operations be managed?

- ➤ Using the Incident Command System (ICS) which is part of the National Incident Management System (NIMS).
- > Time and crisis tested

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Incident Command Leadership



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ICS essentials for POD workers

- ➤ You will be assigned a role with a limited and specific set of tasks to perform
- > You will report to one and only one supervisor
- ➤ If a POD supervisor, you will have a limited number of people reporting to you

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Incident Command Essentials for POD workers	
➤Incident Commander is the boss	
➤ All POD activities are designed to meet the objectives set by the Incident Commander	
► <u>Effective communication</u> is key VDH (NEARWAND) 16	
Successful communication is key	
➤ Do not use jargon or acronyms.	
Only the Public Information Officer may speak with the media.	
Follow your supervisor's guidance on communication with friends and family.	
> Report rumors directly to your supervisor.	
> You will be trained on communication equipment assigned to you.	
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POD roles and responsibilities	
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How Long Will You Be Working in the POD?	
Actual Response Shifts are usually 8-12 hours	
> Typical POD Exercise Shift: 8am – noon	
The POD will be in operation until the mission has been achieved.	
What Should You Bring ?	
 Bring as little as possible Photo identification – required Wear comfortable shoes Water & snacks will be at the POD Check the weather (outside workers) Lunch – on your own, after exercise 	
Typical Day at a POD:	
≻Arrive	
≻Sign in	
≻Briefing	
➤ Just in Time Training & Job Action Sheets ➤ Exercise Start or report to station	
>Work shift / End shift	
➤ Brief with incoming supervisor	
≻Pack Up & Sign Out	
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Job Action Sheet	
 ➤ Job title ➤ Job mission ➤ To whom you report ➤ Tasks to perform 	
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Z2	
Just-in-time Training (JITT)	
> JITT for short	
The training delivered at the time of an incident	
Focused on providing the knowledge and skills you need to fill your role	-
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How Are Vey Assigned a Bala 2	
How Are You Assigned a Role?	
➤ Incident Commander or designee will assign a role based on ➤ Your skills	
➤ Needs of the operation that day!	
You <u>may be re-assigned</u> as the needs of the operation change.	
 ➤ You will always be assigned tasks ➤ based on your skills and abilities. VDH	
24 Proceeding to see Store Controlled Proceeding to see Store Controlled S	

Н	low Will You be Protected?	
A	ll appropriate precautions will be taken p protect POD workers.	
	Vaccination or medication being dispensed before the DD opens	
pro	Supply and training on appropriate 'personal otective equipment' (PPE) Safety officer will always be present Facilities for food & rest	
25	VDH NEGRALIMAT PROCESSE has and the processed	
H	low Can I Be Ready to Serve?	
1.	Have a family preparedness plan	
2.	Participate in available training & exercises	
3.	Be prepared to work under the Incident Command System	
4.	Prepare a POD go pack (see handout)	
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	et's refresh	
L	et s rerresn	
>	A POD is established to dispense a vaccine, antibiotic or other medication 'within 48 hours' to a large group of people usually to prevent disease	
>	The clinic flow is intended to maximize movement through the POD	
>	PODs are managed using the Incident Command System	
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Let's refresh	
Each POD worker will be assigned a specific role which will be described in a Job Action Sheet	
> Safety of POD workers is paramount	
➤ Plan and train <i>now</i> to be an effective POD worker	
VDH-NEICHANA POR MANINA POR MANIN	
Questions will be taken at the end of the 2 nd presentation	
Or feel free to email / call:	
deborah.whitacre@vdh.virginia.gov	
1-804-862-8903	
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Immunication Orientation	
Immunization Orientation and Training	
2014	
Jean Morrison, Nurse Supervisor Crater Health District	
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Learning Objectives	
 Explain why influenza vaccination is recommended 	
 Describe the differences between Inactivated 	
Influenza Vaccine (IIV) and Live, Attenuated Influenza	
Vaccine (LAIV)	
 Identify the appropriate flu vaccine doses 	
Explain the criteria for administering	
Describe the groups who may receive flu vaccine and	
the timing of vaccination	
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Influenza Key Points	
Most common vaccine preventable cause of death in the	
United States.	
 Influenza is a highly effective, acute contagious respiratory illness and vaccination is recommended annually 	
miness and vaccination is recommended annually	
Cause mild to severe illness, and	
at times can lead to death	
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Influenza Key Points	
illideliza key rollits	
Three types of influenza virus: A-B-C	
• Three types of fillidefiza virus. A-B-C	
Because of the makeup of the virus most of us will be susceptible to the shanging components within	
be susceptible to the changing components within the virus and therefore each year a new vaccine is	
produced to respond to those changes = Annual	
Vaccinations.	
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Influenza Key Points	
Influenza virus causes illness among persons in all age groups	
 Rates of infection are highest among children and normally are the major source of transmission 	
 Risk of complication, hospitalization & deaths are higher among adults 65 yrs+, children under 2 years old, pregnant women, American Indians and Alaskan natives seem to be at higher risk for flu complications 	
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Influenza Key Points	
Impacts school age children – absenteeism – medical care visits – parental work loss	
Benefits of vaccinations: Reduction in symptoms	
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Influenza Vaccines	
First licensed influenza vaccines in the 1940's	
 Two types of available vaccines in the US: Inactivated influenza vaccine (IIV) High Dose Live, attenuated influenza vaccine (LAIV) Nasal spray Vaccine 	
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Influenza Vaccines	
IIV Schedule:	
Age Group Dose # Doses ➤ 6 thru 35 months 0.25 ml dose 1 or 2 doses ➤ 3 - 8 years 0.5 ml dose 1 or 2 doses ➤ 9 years & older 0.5 ml dose 1 dose	
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Contraindication & Precautions	-
 IIV Severe allergic reaction to a vaccine component or following a prior dose History of Guillain – Barré syndrome within 6 weeks a previous dose of a previous influenza vaccine 	
> Moderate or severe illness with or without fever	
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Influenza Vaccines	
LAIV	
Live, attenuated influenza vaccine (LAIV) LAIV was the first vaccine to be administered as a nasal spray	
➤ LAIV is approved for healthy persons 2 thru 49 years who are not pregnant	
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Contraindication	
> LAIV	
 Severe allergic reaction to a vaccine component or following a prior dose 	
> Aspirin use in children and adolescents	
Pregnant women	
> Immunosupressed > 2-4 y.o. who have asthma	
> Received antiviral medications	
with in previous 48 hours	
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40	_
Influenza Vaccines	
> All seasonal influenza vaccines since 1986 are	
Trivalent except for H1N1	_
Vaccines formulations available this year are:Trivalent	
> Quadrivalent	
➤ Recombinant	
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41 FOR HADE INCOME AND ADMINISTRATION ADMINISTRATION AND ADMINISTRATION AND ADMINISTRATION ADMINISTRATION AND ADMINISTRATION AN	_
Influenza Vaccine Efficacy	
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➤ Efficacy varies	

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➤ Duration is 1 year less for IIV

➤ Duration for immunity is 1 year less LAIV

them to influenza complications.

➤ No significant difference between the two vaccines for healthy individuals between 2 yrs – 49 yrs with no underlying medical conditions that predispose

VDH Required Documentation

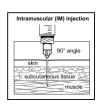
- > Following VDH protocol provide to the client the following:
 - Current CDC vaccine information statement (VIS) in their native language
 - 2. Informed Consent
 - 3. Vaccine Fact Sheet

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Intramuscular (IM) Injection



Age	Needle Length	Injection Site
Newborns (1st 28 days)	%""	Anterolateral thigh muscle
Infants (1-12 mos)	1*	Anterolateral thigh muscle
Toddlers (1-2 yrs)	1-1¼" %-1"*	Anterolateral thigh muscle or deltoid muscle of arm
Children & teens (3–18 years)	%-1** 1"-1%"	Deltoid muscle of arm or anterolateral thigh muscle
Adults 19 yrs or older		
Male or female less than 130 lbs	%-1**	Deltoid muscle of arm
Female 130-200 lbs Male 130-260 lbs	1-155"	Deltoid muscle of arm
Female 200+ lbs Male 260+ lbs	195"	Deltoid muscle of arm

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Intramuscular (IM) Injection



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Intramuscular Administration Techniques

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Next Steps:	
MRC Coordinator (with HD RN/IAP) will facilitate: ✓ Review the specific online CDC Immunization module and take the brief on-line quiz ✓ Complete 10 – item vaccine specific test ✓ Arranging for competency test with local health department RN/IAP ✓ Document results	
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Questions ???	
Feel free to call or email	
jean.morrison@vdh.virginia.gov / 1-804-862-8938	
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THANK YOU FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION!!!	
VDH	